

Ці документи розвивали та конкретизували положення відповідних статутів 1920-х років і більше пристосовували їх до практики тогочасної життєдіяльності міліції. Проаналізовані нами накази, видані від імені наркома внутрішніх справ УРСР, свідчать про різноманітність дисциплінарних правовідносин у міліції 1937 року і говорять про те, що у цей час продовжувала здійснюватися протидія злочинності у різних сферах, успіхи в якій заохочувалися керівництвом наркомату, але також працівники міліції систематично каралися за службові проступки.

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DISCIPLINARY LEGAL RELATIONS IN THE MILITIA OF THE UKRAINIAN SSR IN 1937

1937 occupies a special place in our history, and it is marked primarily by the peak of repression, in the whirlpool of which was involved the entire state machine of the Soviet totalitarian regime, including the police. The police took part in the repression, subjected themselves to repression, but at the same time they continued to carry out their service, the main task of which was to combat crime. The performance of this service, the performance of their duties by different police officers was different. There were those who excelled in this service on the positive side, and there were those who – on the negative side. The performance of this service, the performance of their duties by different police officers was different. There were those who excelled in this service on the positive side, and there were those who – on the

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negative side. Therefore, the authors see their task in the study of virtually unexplored in historical and legal science issue of disciplinary relations in the police in the landmark 1937.

Disciplinary legal relations throughout the 1930's were regulated by the Regulations on the Workers 'and Peasants' Militia and the Disciplinary Statute of the Workers 'and Peasants' Militia, adopted in 1931. They introduced both incentives and disciplinary sanctions. The list of incentives included: gratitude announced in the order; additional regular leave; monetary reward; awarding a personal gift; awarding a diploma; awarding orders of the USSR and the union republics. The following disciplinary sanctions could be imposed on militia officers: remarks; reprimand; severe reprimand; prohibition of dismissal from the location of a military unit or militia a educational institution for a period of up to one month; appointment of an extraordinary outfit for up to 3 outfits; arrest for up to 20 days; transfer to a lower position; dismissal (Article 37). The authors analyzed 38 orders issued on behalf of the People's Commissar of Internal Affairs of the USSR in 1937 on disciplinary relations. These orders are divided into two main groups: 1. Incentive orders; 2. Orders of misconduct. Incentives related to incentives – 9, misdemeanors – 31. Encouragements related to certain successes in combating crime and achievements in training. Most often it is gratitude and a monetary reward. Misconduct was associated with significant breaches of militia discipline and was punishable by reprimand and dismissal from the militia. Such decisions were made based on the results of inspections of certain militia bodies or the facts of violations of official discipline by individual militia officers. These orders testify to the diversity of disciplinary relations in the police in 1937 and indicate that at this time continued to fight crime in various areas, the success of which was encouraged by the leadership of the People's Commissariat, but also militia officers were systematically punished for misconduct.

Keywords: Ukraine, 1937, militia, NKVS, disciplinary legal relations, encouragement in the militia, misdemeanors.

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